

# Bioenergy & Biotechnology for Future Fuels

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**World Future Fuel Summit & Expo 2022**

**New Delhi, India**

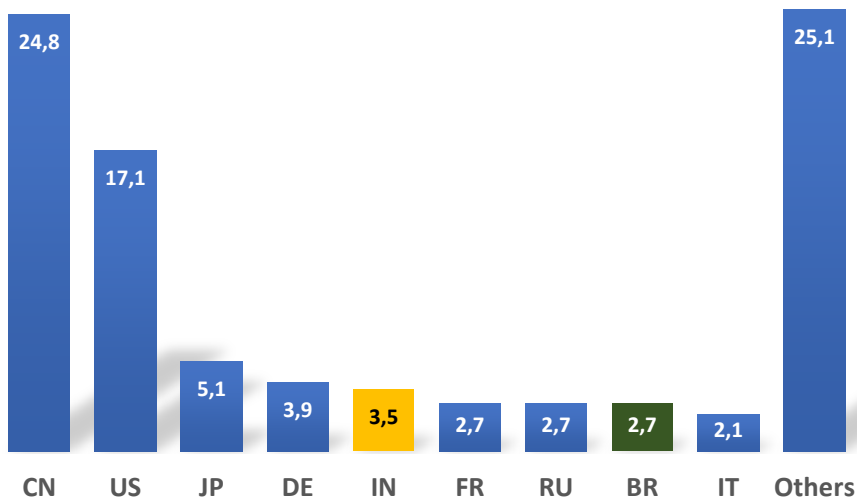
**16-17 February 2022**

Virtual Platform

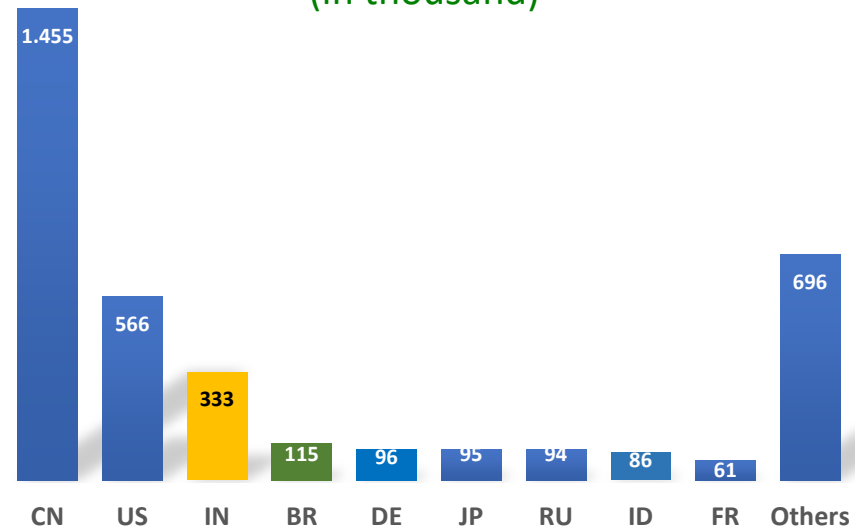


# India is one of the world's largest automotive markets

### Light Vehicle Sales in 2019 (in million)



### Heavy Vehicle Sales in 2019 (in thousand)



Source: IBIO

**Option of Technological Pathway  
for Fuel & Motorization will depend on the  
method used to measure  
Energy Efficiency & Environmental Impact**

**Tank-to-Wheel (TtW)**

**or**

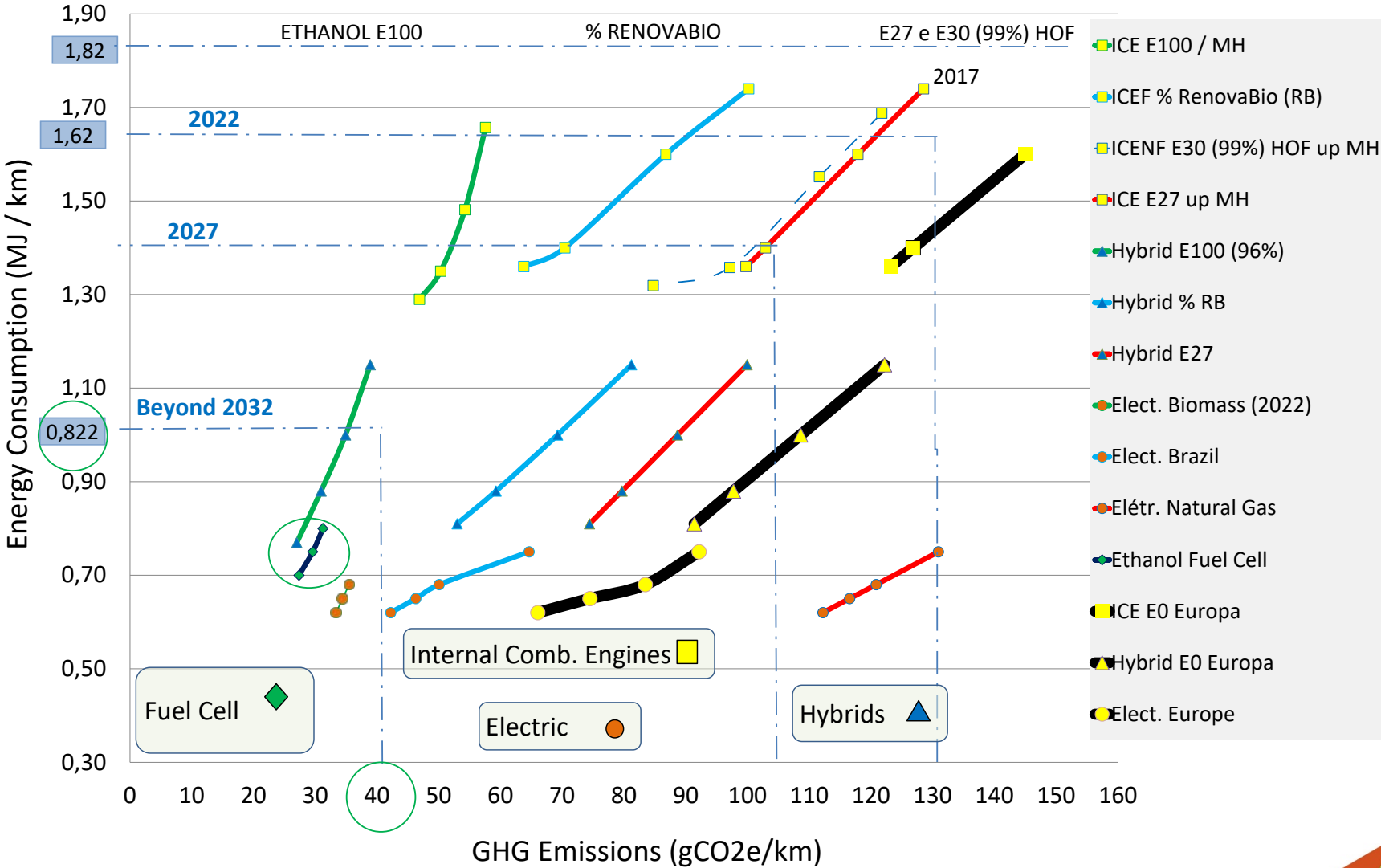
**Well-to-Wheel (WtW)**

**Or**

**Cradle-to-Grave (CtG)**

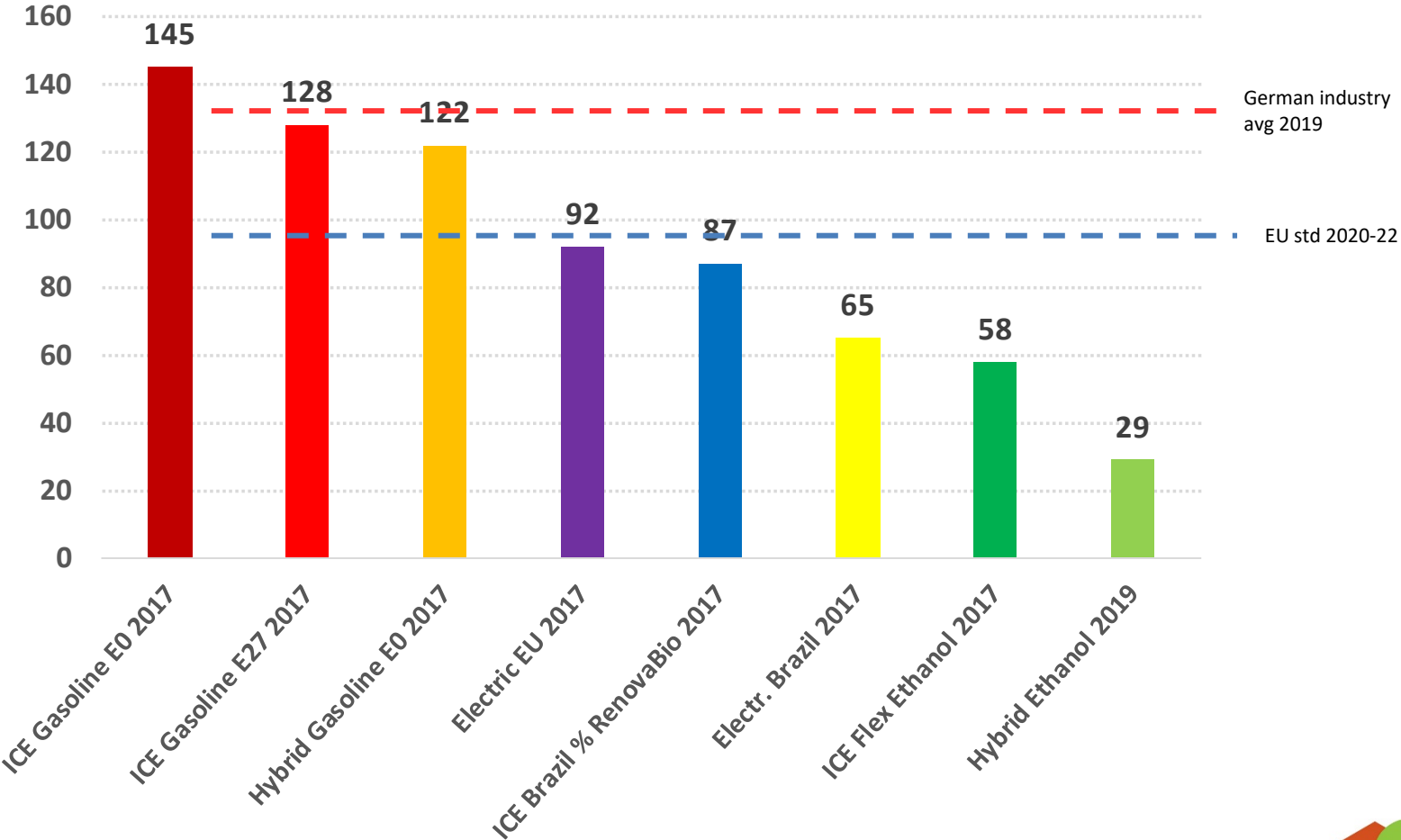


# Comparison of Fuel & Motorization under WtW



# Comparison of GHG Emissions under WtW – 2017/19

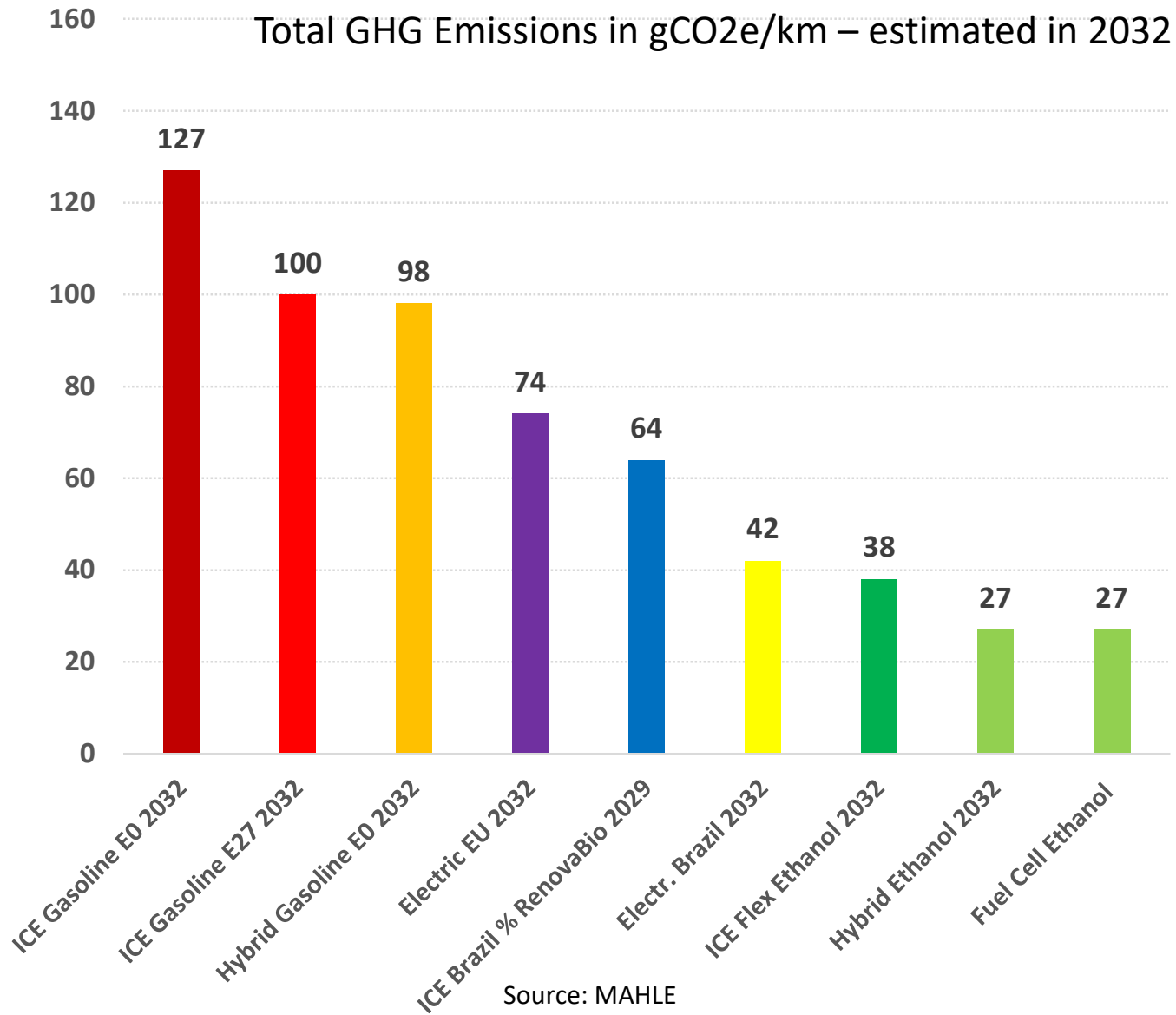
Total GHG Emissions in gCO<sub>2</sub>e/km – 2017/19



Source: MAHLE

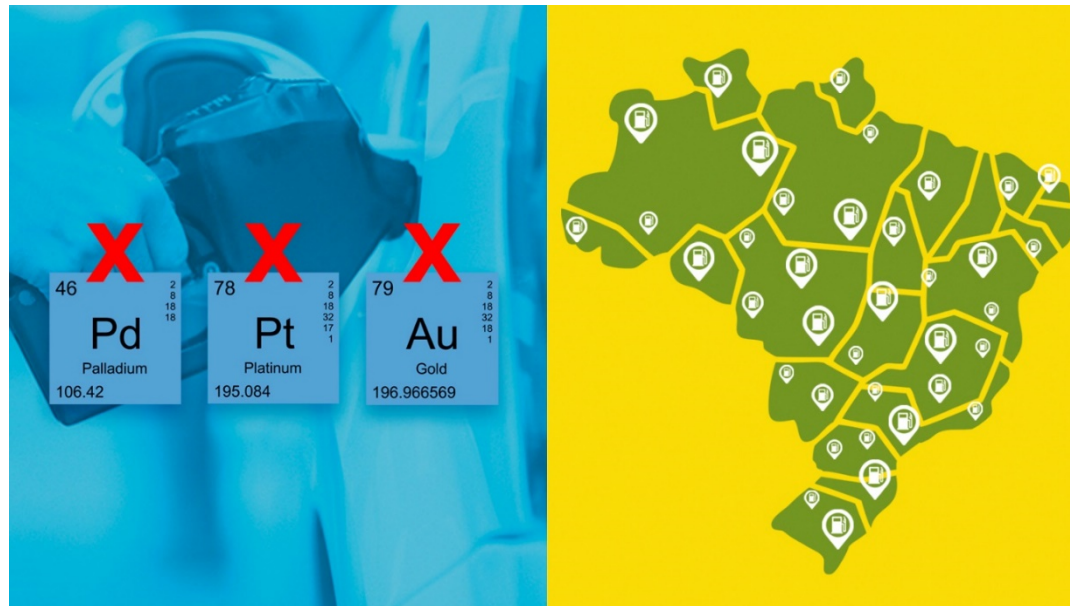


# Comparison of GHG Emissions under WtW - 2032



# Automotive Technology

- Electrification with Ethanol
  - “With the current ethanol distribution infrastructure, Brazil has already solved the Hydrogen distribution hurdle” (Nissan, June 2016).
  - Electrification with ethanol does not require use of rare metals.
  - Distribution of ethanol, as a sole or blended fuel in gasoline, is equivalent to a network of Hydrogen already in place.



# Energy Equivalency

**1 ton of sugarcane**

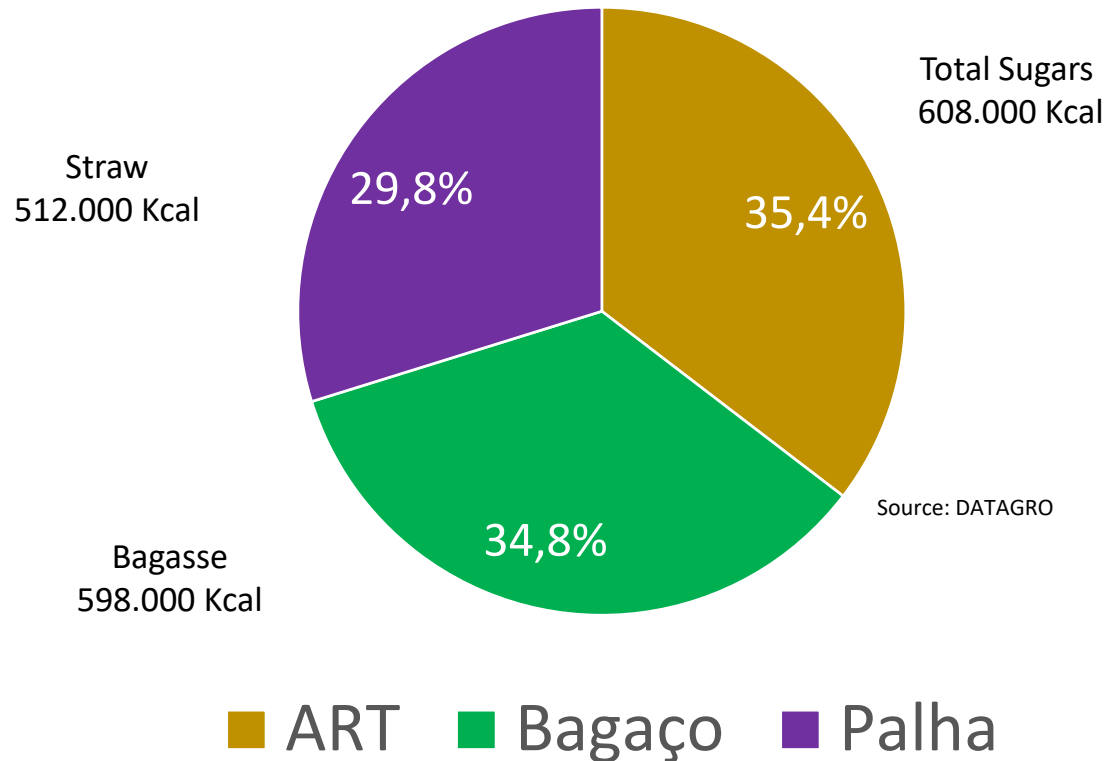
**=**

**1.2 barrels of oil**





# Energy in 1 ton of cane



# Routes of Diversification in Cane

- From sugar to
- Ethanol
- Bioelectricity
- 2G Ethanol
- Biogas and Biomethane
- Bagasse pellets
- Integration with corn ethanol
- Fermentation yeast (food and feed grade)
- Biochemistry (SAF, aviation biofuel and other products)
- CO<sub>2</sub> capture from fermentation for production of a whole line of green chemicals

# Relevance of the distribution system

- Brazil can take advantage of its fuel distribution system for:
  - Hydrous Ethanol used as sole fuel, in fleet which is already 86% flex (Dec/2021) and growing,
  - Anhydrous Ethanol blended at 27% v/v in all gasoline nationwide (E27) – Brazil has been using “mid-level blends” for a long time,
  - Biodiesel blended in all fossil-based diesel Nationwide (B10), going to B15 in March/23.
- Biofuel is **SOLAR ENERGY** captured, stored and distributed in an efficient, economical & safe manner.

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# Advantages of Ethanol

- **Drop-in** solution for mid-level blends: **does not require built-up of new fleet or infrastructure**
- Enables **immediate implementation & results**
- **Replicable**: no technical barrier for implementation
- **Scalable**: can grow overtime using available feedstocks, including organic residues for cellulosic conversion into ethanol
- Very effective and proven **environment & health benefits**
- Does **not** require use of **rare metals**
- **Affordable** in price to consumers
- Promotes **jobs & local income** to farmers
- Ethanol's high octane **complements gasoline** well & **enables use of lower cost blend feedstocks**
- Provides **sustainability & longevity** for the use of traditional sources of **energy**
- Enables **automakers to meet** the most restrictive **emission targets**

# The concept of Ethanol as Green Hydrogen

- Ethanol & Biomethane are very rich in Hydrogen
- Ethanol:  $C_2H_5OH$  – has a H:C ratio of 3:1;
- Biomethane:  $CH_4$  – has a H:C ratio of 4:1;
- Gasoline (indolene): has average H:C ratio of 1.62 :1.
- Ethanol and Biomethane are a **practical, easy, safe, efficient and economic way of capturing, storing and distributing Hydrogen** (“Hydrogen one can carry in a bucket”).

# **We are moving towards the Age of Hydrogen**

**Green Hydrogen** from wind & solar power  
for large scale on-site industrial applications  
and for Mobility

**Green Hydrogen** represented by high-density,  
low carbon footprint, sustainably produced  
**Advanced Biofuels** such as  
**Ethanol, Biogas & Biomethane**





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