

Bioenergy & Biotechnology for Future Fuels

BIODIESEL BIOMETHANE BIOLPG SYNTHETIC FUELS TOWARDS NET ZERO



BIOTECHNOLOGY

- Derived from recently living organic materials known as biomass
- Main waste feedstocks are wood waste, agri waste, municipal solid waste and manufacturing waste
- Thermal conversion using torrefication,pyrolysis & gasification
- Surface power density is issue

- uses living cells to develop or manipulate products for specific purposes
- Lipase, methanobacteria, yeast, e.coli etc are used to achieve the biofuels
- IndustrialFermentation, esterific ation, anaerobic digestion
- Intial capital in R&D, tech development at scale



- Transesterification and Esterification
- UCO,Palm stearin,Tallow, Virgin oils in transesterification
- Acid oils, DFA's, POME, chiken oil etc. via esterification (higher ffa)
- Sustainable Aviation Fuel effect and byproduct disruption
- 90% of plants in india operate on palm stearin and tallow(per recent tender)
- Price of end product against feed
- Biodiesel as FAME and expanding scope



- Upgrading biogas and Thermal gasification
- Crop residue, animal manure, organic fraction-MSW, wastewater sludge
- Crops produced for sole purpose of energy generation as feed
- Asia's largest bio cng plant recently inaugurated in indore
- SATAT scheme from MOPNG encourages cbg
- EOI from OMC's for long term procurement at fixed price
- Sustainable alternative towards NET Zero



Overview of most commercialised biomass-to-X pathways



egetable Hydrooils processing Conventional FOGS feedstocks Ethanol to Ethanol Fermentation Crops -Woody 100 Hydrolysis biomass synthesis wethanol to Lignocellulosic Agri Methanol **Biomethanol** Gasification Syngas gasoline/ kerosine BioLPG biomass residues synthesis Energy Fast pyrolysis → Bio-oil crops Hydroprocessing MSW Biocrude Sewge Biowastes sludg Biomethane / Anaerobic FT/Cool Biogas Upgrading Manure digestion LPG Intermediate/product Key Feedstock Process



- achieving a balance between the amount of emissions produced and those removed from the atmosphere in order to reduce global warming.
- state in which greenhouse gases going into atmosphere are balanced by removal out of atmosphere
- Carbon neutral, ghg neutral, carbon negative, climate neutral
- Anthropogenic emissions to achieve net zero



- Biofuel production in india is in its nascent stage compared to world over
- Tremendous impetus from government for setting up plants
- Availability of local market for consumption
- Long term procurement contracts with government
- Virtually no competition as demand exceeds production



- Competition among biofuels for feedstocks pushing prices up
- Uncertainty in geopolitical as well as environmental causing supply chain disturbunce
- Food vs Fuel
- Policy of states and center are not in sync
- Grey area in technology



- Allow imports and ban exports of feedstocks for manufacturing of biofuels
- Allow exports of biofuels from India
- Localisation of production is key
- Encourage smaller plants district wise mapping the feedstock availability
- Platform development for agri, municipal, food waste trading



Thank you